

# Hall open loop current sensor

PCB mounting, detect DC, AC and pulse current, high insulation between primary side and the vice side circuit.



Front view



Epoxy view

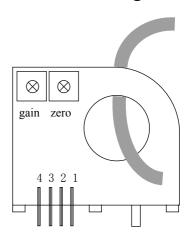


Bottom view

# Product features

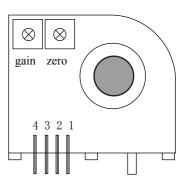
- ·Light weight
- •Low power consumption
- Good linearity
- No insertion loss
- Fast response time
- Good anti-interference ability

# Installation diagram



# Product application

- Railway
- Metallurgical
- Welding machine
- Robot
- Motor
- •Inverter power supply
- Variable frequency governor
- Uninterrupted power supply and communication power supply





Electrical parameters: (The following parameters are typical values and actual value will be subject to product testing)	es
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# Remarks:

$I_{PN}$	Rated input	$\pm50\mathrm{A}$	±100A	$\pm 200 \mathrm{A}$	±300A	±400A	Standard input
Ipm	Input measurement range	±75A	$\pm 150 \mathrm{A}$	$\pm 300 \text{A}$	$\pm 450 \mathrm{A}$	$\pm600$ A	Default is 1.5 times of rated input
Vout	Rated output		2.	$5V \pm 0.62$	Standard output		
X	Accuracy			1 %	$I = I_{PN}$		
εL	Linearity			1 %	$I=0^{\sim} \pm I_{PN}$		
Vс	Supply voltage			+5V	Supply voltage range±5%		
Ιc	Current consumption			$\leq 15  \mathrm{mA}$	Reference will be subject to the measured		
R1	Load impedance			≥10KΩ	Collection port impedance while lower voltage affect accuracy		
Voe	Zero offset voltage			$\leq \pm 15$ m V	TA=25°C		
Tr	Response time			≪3 µ s	Reference will be subject to the measured		
N.w	Weight	23 g					Reference will be subject to the measured
Ta	Operation temperature		_	$10 \sim +70  ^{\circ}$			
Ts	Storage temperature		_	$25 \sim +70  ^{\circ}$			
Bw	Band width		]	DC <sup>~</sup> 50KHz	Factory test according to DC		
Vd	Delectric strength	2.5KV 50Hz 1min					

## Factory commissioning:

Calculation formula: 2.5V±0.625V 0V datum

1. Debug with 0V as the reference point(acquiescence)

Forward direction:  $2.5 + (I/I_{PN}) *0.625$ 

2. Debug with Vref as the reference point(optional)

Reverse direction:  $2.5-(I/I_{PN})*0.625$ 

## Instructions for use:

- 1. According to the connection mode of correct connection
- 2. The direction shown by the arrow is positive
- 3. With hole measurement, response time and following the speed for the best
- 4. Faulty wiring can lead to product damage and output uncertainty

### Safe operation:

- \*Please read this specification carefully before use.
- \*When you need to move the product, please be sure to disconnect the power and all the connected cables.
- \*If found shell, devices attached to the fixed parts, wire, or have any damaged, please immediately deal with hidden dangers.
- \*If there is any doubt about the safe operation of the equipment, the equipment and the corresponding accessories should be closed immediately, and the fastest time for troubleshooting.

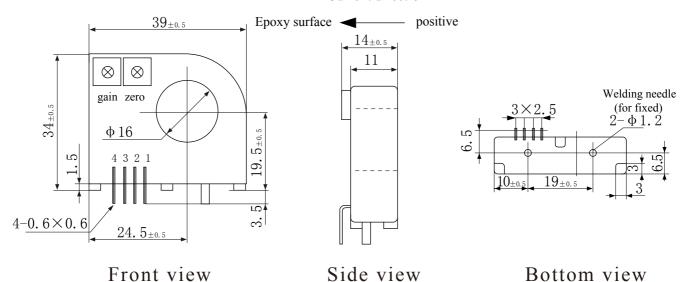
## Proclamations:

As our products are constantly being improved and updated, we reserve the right to modify the content of this specification at any time without prior notice.

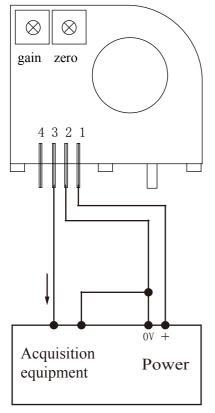


# Dimensions(in mm±0.5):

#### Current direction



Wiring diagram (based on 0 V)



# Pin definition:

1: +V

2: 0V

3: Vout

4: Vref

# **X** Detection:

- ①Choose the auxiliary power supply with small ripple ( $\leq 10 \text{mV}$ )
- 2 Switch on auxiliary power
- 3 The auxiliary power is connected to the sensor
- 4)The sensor detects the primary current