

## Hall split core current transducer

suspension indtallation, terminal output.Detect AC current. High insulation between primary and secondary circuit



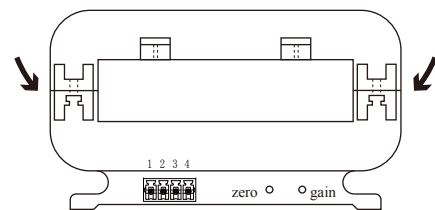
## Installation diagram

### Product features

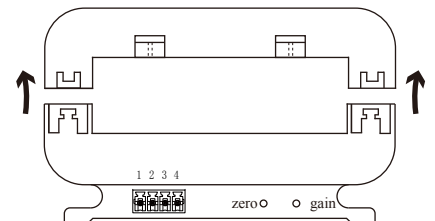
- Light weight
- Low power consumption
- Good linearity
- No insertion loss
- Fast response time
- Good anti-interference ability

### Product application

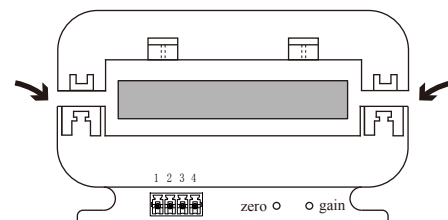
- Railway
- Metallurgical
- Welding machine
- Robot
- Motor
- Inverter power supply
- Variable frequency governor
- Uninterrupted power supply and communication power supply



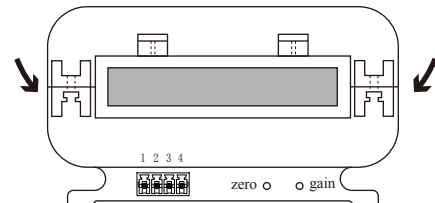
1. Loosen the screw



2. Open up



3. In the copper platoon



4. Tighten the screws

**Electrical parameters:** ( The following parameters are typical values and actual values will be subject to product testing )

**Remarks**

Rated input	1000A	2000A	3000A	5000A	Standard input
Input measurement range	1200A	2400A	3600A	6000A	Default is 1.2 times the input rating
Rated output	0-20mA/4-20mA/0-5V/1-5V/0-10V				Output one of five 0-10V output +24V power supply
Accuracy	1%				
Linearity	0.5%				
Supply voltage ( $\pm 5\%$ )	+12V / +24V				Supply voltage range $\pm 5\%$
Current consumption	$\leq 48\text{mA} + I_o$				Reference will be subject to the measured
Load impedance	Current type output: 250 $\Omega$ (Typification)		Voltage type output: $\geq 10\text{K}\Omega$		
Zero offset voltage	Current type output: $\pm 0.08\text{mA}$		Voltage type output: $\pm 15\text{mV}$		$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Response time	$\leq 350\text{mS}$				Reference will be subject to the measured
weight	4551g				Reference will be subject to the measured
Operating temperature	$-10 \sim +70^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage temperature	$-25 \sim +70^\circ\text{C}$				
Band width	DC $\sim 400\text{Hz}$				
Delectric strength	6KV 50Hz 1min				

### Instruction for use:

1. Connect the wires correctly according to the marked connection mode
2. With hole measurement, response time and following the speed for the best
3. Faulty wiring can lead to product damage and output uncertainty

### Safe operation:

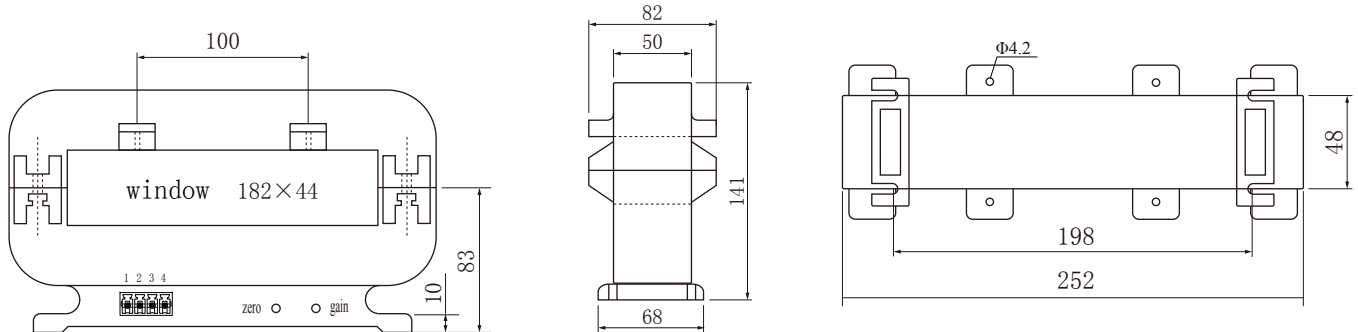
- \*Please read this specification carefully before use.
- \*When you need to move the product, please be sure to disconnect the power and all the connected cables.
- \*If found shell, devices attached to the fixed parts, wire, or have any damaged, please immediately deal with hidden dangers.
- \*If there is any doubt about the safe operation of the equipment, the equipment and the corresponding accessories should be closed immediately, and the fastest time for troubleshooting.

### Proclamations:

As our products are constantly being improved and updated, we reserve the right to modify the content of this specification at any time without prior notice.

Dimensions(in mm±0.5) :

Not to distinguish the direction

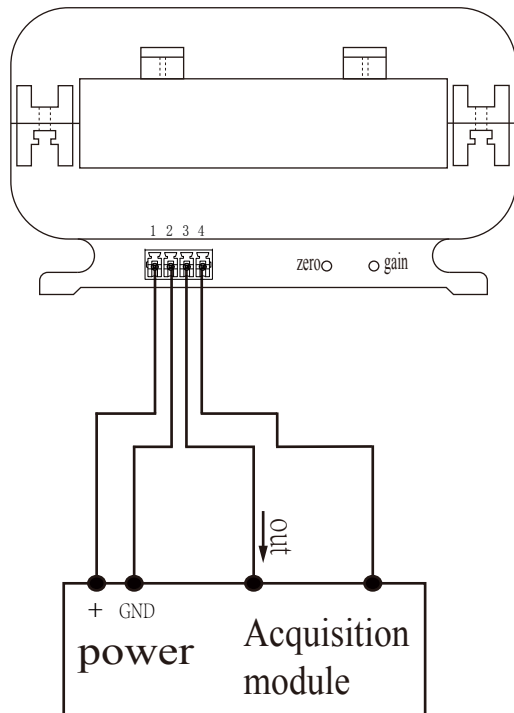


Connector Illustration

Wiring diagram:



Crimping terminal fast plug KF2EDGK-3.81-4P, spacing 3.81



Terminal definition:

- 1: +V
- 2: GND
- 3: out
- 4: GND

- ※① The auxiliary power supply with ripple small ( $\leq 20\text{mV}$ ) is selected
- ② Switch on auxiliary power
- ③ Auxiliary power is connected to the transmitter
- ④ Transmitter detects the primary current
- ⑤ Both GND internals are not isolated