

Power Transformers

Sub-plate mounting, High voltage input.



Product application

- Power Industry
- •Oil industry
- Military engineering
- Chemical Industry
- Wind power generation

Product advantage

- Good stability
- •Low noise
- Power foot
- High withstand voltage
- Small no-load current

Product features

- single crystal copper enameled wire
- High quality iron core-H18/0.35(annealing)
- PBT engineering plastics, Environmental protection, Flame retardant, 120 degrees without deformation
- $^{\circ}$ Vacuum potting, 100 $^{\circ}$ C / 6 hours high temperature aging, 20 years of life, High electric strength
- Reasonable structure, Easy to install, Low noise, Strong earthquake resistance, Sealed moisture



Typical technical index:

•Material of core—Silicon steel sheet

•Insulation grade: B grade (130°C)

•Operation temperature— $-30\,^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +40\,^{\circ}\text{C}$

•Frequency range—50Hz~60Hz

• Fair resistance: with UL94-V0

• Form test: Pri./Sec.15KV max AC/1min 20mA 500V AC/1min 5mA(The samples for it is destructive experiment of samples, not recommended for normal use)

Factory test: Pri./Sec.15KV AC/1s 20mA, 500V AC/1s 5mA

Electrical parameters:	Remarks:				
Primary input voltage	1000	2000	3000	V	Customizable other voltage inputs. example: 1140V
Primary input voltage range		±10		%	Other input ranges can be ordered example: $\pm 20\%$
Power		20		VA	Rated power, Not be bigger
Voltage regulation		≤18		%	For reference only
No load loss		≤ 1.3		VA	For reference only
Temperature rise		≤30		$^{\circ}$ C	For reference only
Initial electrical strength	5	10	15	KV	5 to 7 times the normal input voltage (Except in special circumstances)
Weight		622		g	For reference only
Secondary output Cocondary			Secondary		D 1

Secondary output full load voltage		Seconda no-load	ry voltage	Secondary full load current	
Single	Dual	Single	Dual	Single	Dual
6 V	$6V \times 2$	7.2V	7.2 $V \times 2$	3.3A	$1.65A\times2$
7.5V	7.5 $V \times 2$	9 V	$9V \times 2$	2.6A	$1.3A \times 2$
9 V	$9V \times 2$	10.8V	10.8 $V \times 2$	2.22A	1. 11A×2
12V	$12V \times 2$	14.4V	$14.4V \times 2$	1.67A	0.84A×2
15V	$15V \times 2$	1 8V	$18V \times 2$	1.33A	$0.67A \times 2$
18V	$18V \times 2$	21.6V	$21.6V \times 2$	1.11A	$0.56A \times 2$
24V	$24V \times 2$	28.8V	$28.8V \times 2$	0.83A	0. 42A×2

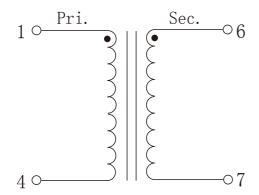
Remarks:

- Customized output according to customer requirements Voltage/current distribution on demand
- 2. If there is no special description, the secondary output is full load voltage (can be customized)
- 3. Transformer input / output is AC
- 4.Other types can be ordered
 Cable
 Frequency
 Same name end

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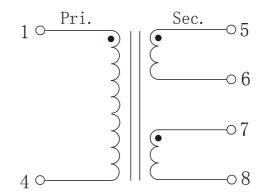


Wiring schematic diagram:



• Representing the same name

Single output



• Representing the same name

Double output (Equalization)

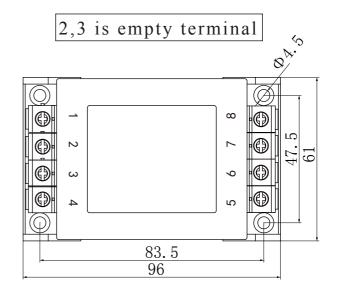
Dot end shorted in parallel, the voltage constant, the current doubles Synonyms shorted in series, the same current, voltage doubling

*It is recommended to seal with the terminal at the high voltage side wiring.

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Dimensions (in $mm_{\pm 0.5}$):

Front view



Top view